Please fill this form in with objects that you feel represent the chosen systems for you. They can be personal to you and your submissions will be anonymous.

1. **EDUCATION** (1870- )
Education is the process of facilitating [learning](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Learning), or the acquisition of [knowledge](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Knowledge), [skills](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Skill), [values](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Values), [beliefs](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Belief), and [habits](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Habit_%28psychology%29).

Education in England is overseen by the United Kingdom's [Department for Education](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Department_for_Education).
£62.2 billion

2. **HEALTH CARE** (1948- )
Health care is the maintenance or improvement of [health](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Health) via the [prevention](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Preventive_healthcare), [diagnosis](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diagnosis), and [treatment](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Therapy) of [disease](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Disease), [illness](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Illness), [injury](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Injury), and other [physical and mental impairments](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Disability) in human beings.

The National Health Service (NHS) is the [publicly funded national healthcare system](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Publicly_funded_health_care) for England and one of the four [National Health Services](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/National_Health_Service) of the United Kingdom.

£122 billion

3. **DEMOCRACY** (1801- )

A system of government in which power is vested in the people, who rule either directly or through freely elected representatives. Democratic institutions, such as parliaments, may exist in a monarchy.

£8.1 trillion

4. **JUSTICE** (1829-)Criminal Justice is the system of practices and institutions of [governments](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Government) directed at upholding [social control](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Social_control), [deterring](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Deterrence_%28legal%29) and mitigating [crime](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crime), or sanctioning those who violate [laws](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Law) with criminal penalties and [rehabilitation](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rehabilitation_%28penology%29) efforts.

£11 billion

5. **ECONOMIC** (1496-)

The economy of the United Kingdom is a [highly developed](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Developed_country) [market-oriented economy](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Market_economy). It is the [fifth-largest national economy](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_GDP_%28nominal%29) in the world.

£8.1 trillion